## Science of Early Child Development FACILITATOR GUIDE BC Access Site



SCIENCE OF EARLY CHILD DEVELOPMENT

## Science of Early Child Development

# FACILITATOR GUIDE BC Access Site





A K D N

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## Introduction

The purpose of this guide is to support people who use or wish to use the SECD to teach classes and to facilitate workshops and other teaching sessions. If you already have explored the resources, you know that there is a wealth of interesting content, in a variety of element types - including webtext, review activities and hundreds of videos. In this guide you will find information to help you prepare to use SECD as a teaching tool for both face-to-face and online learning.

This guide includes:

- Background information about the SECD initiative, the SECD series of living textbooks, related resources and online elements
- Suggestions for using an SECD living textbook as a requirement for students (on the "book list"), including assignment ideas and examples of course outlines where SECD is a required resource
- Ways to simplify your search for topics and content within the living textbooks
- Tips for face-to-face and online facilitators
- Recommendations for integrating SECD content areas into child and human development courses

We welcome your feedback and would be happy to incorporate your tips and ideas into this guide. Please contact us at: <u>SECD@rrc.ca</u>

## SECD background

The Science of Early Child Development (SECD) is a knowledge mobilization initiative. The main goal is to make current research accessible to anyone interested in learning more about the impact of early experience on lifelong health and well-being.

The SECD team at Red River College Polytech works in partnership with the University of Toronto and the Aga Khan Development Network. The growth and expansion of the SECD initiative has been supported with generous funding from The Lawson Foundation, the Aga Khan Foundation and World Bank. The Conrad Hilton Family Foundation, The Bernard van Leer Foundation and The Winnipeg Foundation have provided additional support.

SECD reaches a wide audience around the world through courses and workshops at a variety of levels and with a number of partners. In addition, e-messages broaden the audience. Each SECD e-message includes information and sample videos to inspire and engage people to think about the vital importance of the early years. These are easy to use as topics for class discussion, for staff meetings or as information for parent groups. The e-message sign-up is on the main menu of the BC Access page: <u>bc.scienceofecd.com</u>



## **SECD tools**

SECD tools include online and offline resources with a variety of elements developed to engage learners and increase people's understanding of concepts related to early human development, health and well-being. Elements within SECD resources are varied. For example:

- Videos of experts from around the world allow learners to hear directly from researchers and professionals. Over 130 experts have been interviewed, many of them more than once. SECD users can play the videos with captions and access transcripts, to further their understanding.
- Videos of children interacting with each other and with caregivers and teachers, and of
  programs for children and families allow SECD users to see powerful examples of child
  development and adult-child interaction from around the world. The SECD team has filmed
  in 10 countries around the world.
- Webtext on each SECD page explains concepts and guides the SECD user through the material.
- SECD readings provide easy to print summaries of information.
- "Consider" examples are real-life scenarios that illustrate concepts and encourage reflection.
- Interactive review games and animated slideshows help SECD users check their understanding.
- Questions for reflection and discussion throughout the resources provide SECD users the opportunity to analyze the information from their own perspective.
- "Want to know more" elements contain advanced information for deeper understanding.
- Links to vetted reports and websites provide additional information.

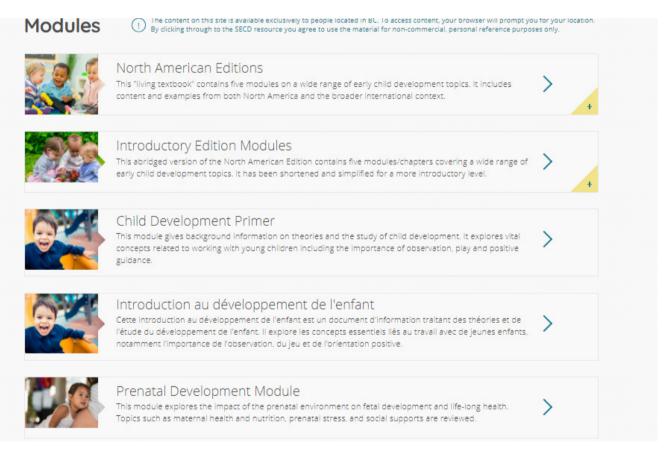
## What is a living textbook?

We call our largest resources "living textbooks". They are multimedia, online textbooks. They are "living" because they are regularly updated.

In BC, residents have access to:

SECD – North American Edition – This was the first Science of Early Child Development edition to be developed. The depth and scope of content make it ideally suited for use in undergraduate and graduate programs. The research and program examples are mainly from North America with international examples also included.

SECD – Introductory Edition – This is an abridged version of the North American Edition. Like the North American Edition, it includes a wide range of early child development topics. It has been shortened and simplified for those at a more introductory level.



bc.scienceofecd.com

## **SECD** modules:

Each SECD living textbook contains five modules or "chapters":



### **Brain Development (BD)**

Compelling research about early brain development has reshaped the way we think about child development. During the prenatal period and the first few years of life, the brain is exquisitely sensitive to external influence. A basic

understanding of early brain development equips us to plan, implement and advocate for young children and their families more effectively. The Brain Development module provides this understanding.



### Coping and Competence (CC)

This module considers how children develop from complete dependency to being capable of coping with the world around them, relate to others, manage life's challenges and regulate their behaviour. Themes in this module include the

importance of social interactions with adults and children as well as the role of internal forces.



### Communicating and Learning (CL)

Learning does not start when children begin school. From birth, and even prebirth, babies are learning constantly about the world around them and becoming ready for communication. This module explores exciting research into memory,

early language development and the important role of play in learning. It also focuses on ways to capitalize on everyday learning opportunities with young children.



### The Ecology of Childhood (EC)

Children do not exist in isolation. This module focuses on the interplay of the many contexts of childhood and development. From conception on, other individuals, available resources, opportunities, and cultural patterns shape a child's world. Because each child has a unique genetic predisposition, even

children who experience similar environments can have very different outcomes. In turn, children themselves affect their environments.



### **Developmental Health (DH)**

This module is about the 'big picture'. Early childhood is a period of astonishing cognitive, social, emotional and physical growth that launches developmental trajectories into the years ahead. The research presented in this module looks at

why early years have such a long-term impact on both individuals and societies. The links to practice focus on how to use this information to advocate for children and families.

In addition to the two living textbooks, BC users can access::

#### • Child Development Primer

This multimedia tool presents synthesized information on: theories of human development, the study of development, developmental domains, observation, positive guidance and the importance of play.

#### • Introduction au développement de l'enfant

Cette introduction au développement de l'enfant est un document d'information traitant des théories et de l'étude du développement de l'enfant. Il explore les concepts essentiels liés au travail avec de jeunes enfants, notamment l'importance de l'observation, du jeu et de l'orientation positive.

#### Prenatal Development Module

This module explores the impact of the prenatal environment on fetal development and lifelong health. Topics such as maternal health and nutrition, prenatal stress, and social supports are reviewed.



## **British Columbia access site**

Access to the Science of Early Child Development (SECD) resources has been funded by the government of British Columbia for residents of BC. In order to access them you must do so from a computer or other device located in BC.

SECD BC SCIENCE OF EARLY CHILD DEVELOPMENT ACCESS

Access to these resources has bee funded by the government of Britis

### **Accessing Science of Early Child Development**

Gaining access to the SECD modules is simply a matter of clicking on the links on the home page. However, the first time you click to enter one of the resources your browser will display an alert box asking your permission to share your location using "geolocation". Geolocation is a function in modern web browsers that can identify a general geographic location. Choose the positive choice (e.g., "allow" or "share location") in the alert box prompt on your first visit and that is it, you are in. As long as you use the same computer or web device you should not need to confirm your location again.

The alert prompt will look different depending which device and browser you are using. However, the samples below will give you an idea of what to expect:

content.scienceofecd.com wants to: A Content.scienceofecd.com Allow Stock S	content.scienceofecd.com       ×         Would you like to share your location with this site?         Learn more         Share Location	conte use y	rebsite "https:// nt.scienceofecd.com" would like to our current location. member my decision for one day Don't Allow Allow
content.scienceofecd.com wants to traci	c your physical location.	Allow once	Options for this site 👻

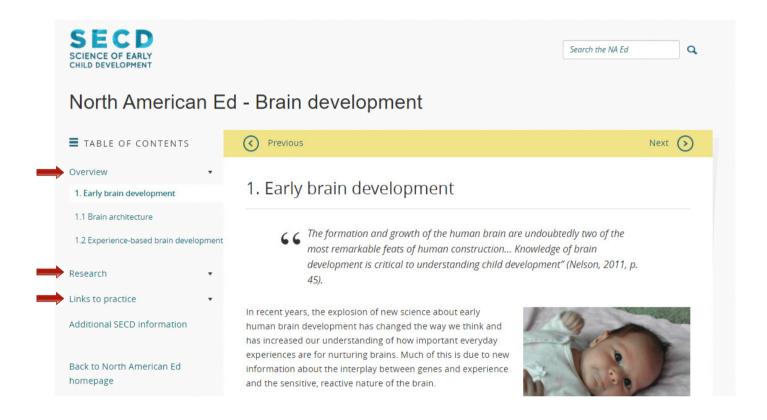


# **Exploring the SECD modules**

To access the five modules in each of the living textbooks, click on '+' to expand that section.

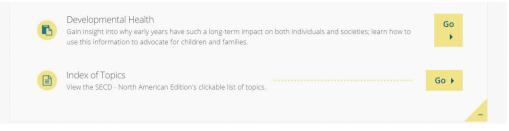
Modules	The content on this site is available exclusively to people located in BC. To access content, your browser will prompt yo By clicking through to the SECD resource you agree to use the material for non-commercial, personal reference purposed of the second	
	North American Editions This "living textbook" contains five modules on a wide range of early child development topics. It includes content and examples from both North America and the broader international context.	>
	Introductory Edition Modules This abridged version of the North American Edition contains five modules/chapters covering a wide range of early child development topics. It has been shortened and simplified for a more introductory level.	>
	Child Development Primer This module gives background information on theories and the study of child development. It explores vital concepts related to working with young children including the importance of observation, play and positive guidance.	>
	Introduction au développement de l'enfant Cette introduction au développement de l'enfant est un document d'information traitant des théories et de l'étude du développement de l'enfant. Il explore les concepts essentiels liés au travail avec de jeunes enfants, notamment l'importance de l'observation, du jeu et de l'orientation positive.	>
	Prenatal Development Module This module explores the impact of the prenatal environment on fetal development and life-long health. Topics such as maternal health and nutrition, prenatal stress, and social supports are reviewed.	>

In each SECD module there is a table of contents that shows the three sections (overview, research and links to practice). Clicking on each section title reveals the pages within that section.



### **Topic exploration:**

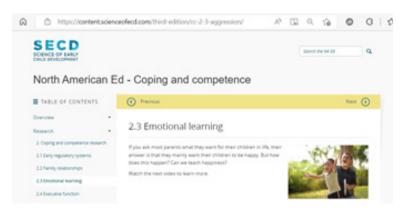
In the North American Edition, which is the largest resource, the Index of Topics can help you find the SECD pages that include information on a given topic so that you can choose the elements relevant for your audience.



For example, for a class on Active Play, the Index of Topics lists three SECD pages with information. Clicking on a page in the Index of Topics opens that page.

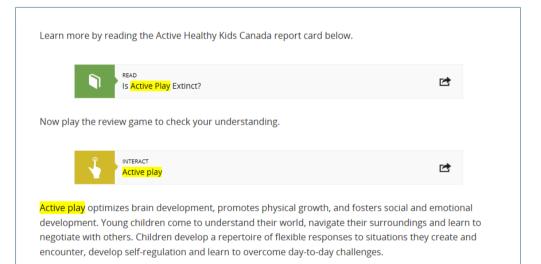
https://content.science	ofeed.com/third-edition/?s="active+play"	Ah	0,	1ê	٥	010
SEECD SCIENCE OF EARLY CHLD SEVELOWERT			909	e piay*		a
Search Results f	or: "active play"					
Fibers Module						
Copyrig and Competence O Communicating and Learning O	cc 3.5 valuing play					
Page Section	? Active play Active play optimizes brain development, essential for Lethbridge, explains why and how active			ti wity a	ctive play	•
Descrives O	CL 1.2 Thinking and learning					
Research O	- 5 - 900x49 904x42 or interacting with careforers or pe	HT5				
	Index of topics					
	CC 2.6 Play, coping and competence					
	outdoors. The				in nacura	10
	CC 2.3 Emotional learning					
	- particular type of attive play commonly referred to at					

You can look for that topic on the SECD page by using the browser's "find" feature. For example, in Chrome, the drop down menu is to the right of the URL bar:



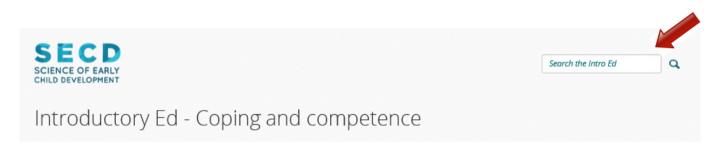
To prepare a presentation or class on active play, you might choose to incorporate information from Coping and Competence p. 2.3 and p. 2.6:

	What aspects of the environment do you think help children learn to control aggression and become socially competent? Tremblay discusses an intervention program used in the study with high risk boys. Can you see how what they did might be implemented on a wide scale? Do you know of such a program?	
	is Tremblay describes the value of play-fighting, which is a particular type of <mark>active play</mark> comm d to as rough-and-tumble-play.	only
	VIEW Tremblay- play fighting; rough and tumble (2:06)	
aggress importa	owing report by Tremblay, Gervais and Peticlerc (2008) is a comprehensive look at the researc sion among young children, what we know about the risks of persistent aggression, and the ance of early prevention. It includes a multi-faceted discussion of what can be done by parents ors and society.	



### Search function:

A convenient way to find information on a topic is to use the search function found in the upper right corner of each SECD webpage. Follow this same procedure to find more information about a particular researcher/expert. **Note: the search function for each resource is limited to that resource.** For example, when you access the Child Development Primer the search will display pages in the Primer resource; when you access a living textbook the search will display pages in the five modules within that living textbook.

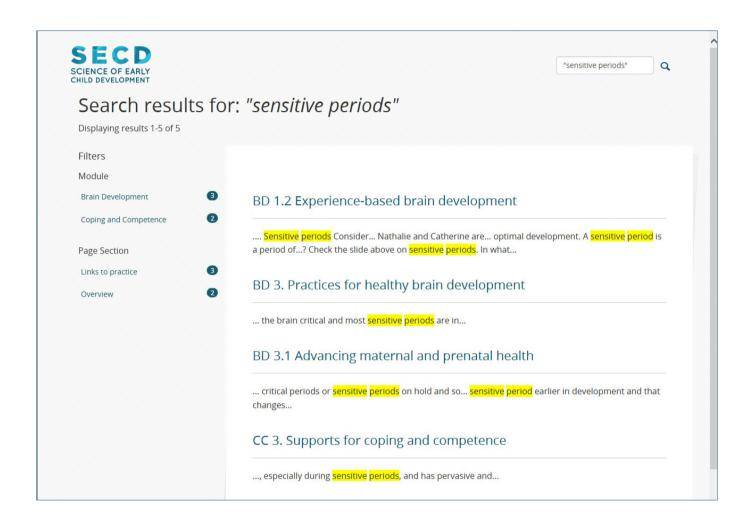


Try to be specific with the name or terms that you want information on. This will narrow down the search to the most relevant pages.

When looking for a specific item, using quotation marks around the term/name will show you only the webpages with that exact text. For example, the following search in SECD – North American Edition for the term sensitive periods, shows that **one or both of those words** appear on 48 SECD pages.



However, when the words are in quotations, the results show only the five SECD pages that contain that exact term.



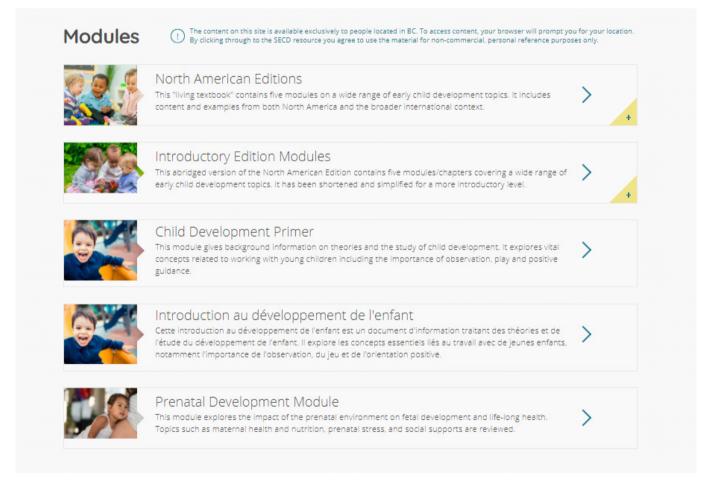
Clicking on a page title opens that page. Follow the instructions on page 11 for locating information with the browser's "find" tool.

Results are displayed filtered by SECD module and module section. To see only the pages in one module or section, click on the module or section name under "Filters" in the left sidebar.

## **Using SECD as a student resource**

## **1.** General information

SECD resources work well as a main or supplementary textbook for a course or set of courses. Students can access all of the content themselves on a computer, tablet or smartphone – true mobile learning. Instructors can assign SECD webpages or videos, readings, or other elements within a module for students to review before a class or to use for an assignment, just as they assign pages to read in a traditional textbook. **See Appendix A - Integrating SECD topics into early years courses** for a list of courses and suggestions of SECD content for each. Simply share the BC Access homepage link with students - <u>bc.scienceofecd.com</u>



## 2. Suggestions

#### Using SECD for one course or several courses:

The SECD resources contain a wealth of information. Some instructors use SECD as the student resource for **one course**, building a course around the five modules. Whether the class happens face-to-face, online or a combination (hybrid delivery), the SECD living textbooks contain ample material and variety of topics on which to base a full course.

Other instructors/programs use SECD as a core or supplementary resource in **a range of courses or throughout a program**. Students would access SECD material that is applicable to each course or learning objective.

**See Appendix B - Course outline examples** to see examples of courses that require students to access SECD.

### Assigning content to students - one approach:

Whether students are using SECD for one course or throughout many different courses, to maximize their exposure to the content consider dividing the material so that each student delves into selected topics. Each student then collaborates with others who explored other topics to share highlights about "their" material. Students benefit from hearing information from others and from the experience of explaining what they learned.

For example, in a module, have students do a thorough review of one of the research pages and then present information to people who reviewed the other pages. This works well in both face-to-face settings and in online forums with students. The following screenshot shows the first page of the research section, and the section table of contents, from the Ecology of Childhood module in the North American Edition.



After choosing or being assigned one of the pages, students could respond to questions such as:

- Prepare a synthesis of the information you reviewed.
- For the research you reviewed, discuss the implications for people who work with children and families.
- Discuss who are the stakeholders that would benefit from learning about this area of research and why they need the information?
- What suggestions do you have for future research activities related to this topic?

#### More in-depth study:

In the SECD resources, there are opportunities to go more deeply into a topic. Elements marked as **"Want to know more?"** provide links to readings, videos and websites for this purpose. Learners and instructors can use these for advanced study. These elements are also useful for learners preparing assignments on those topics.

The following example is from the Prenatal Development module.

Prenatal Development		
L	public awareness campaign about alcohol and pregnancy is being otteries. Explore more about this initiative including some helpful r Be With Child Without Alcohol″ webpage.	
	Be with child without alcohol	Ľ
w Si tř	hanging alcohol consumption behaviours can be challenging, and ith addictions. Explore useful information about alcohol and pregr ubstance Use: Linking Research, Practice and Policy website. The si ne "Alcohol and Pregnancy" banner. For each, a grey sidebar appea n relevant research findings, helpful strategies, further resources f	nancy on the Coalescing on Women and te features six areas of practice under rs on the left with links to information
	Alcohol and pregnancy	1 1 1
	Want to know more?	×
	Oral health is also linked to prenatal development and ou birth and low birth weight babies. Read more about how a pregnancy and prenatal development on the Governme	poor oral health may affect
	READ Oral health and pregnancy	<b>E</b>
	Prenatal nutrition guidelines, as they relate to Canada's F the Health Canada website – a useful resource for health the child-bearing aged population.	
	FEAD Food and nutrition: Prenatal nutrition guidelin professionals – Background on Canada's Food	

## 3. Assignment ideas

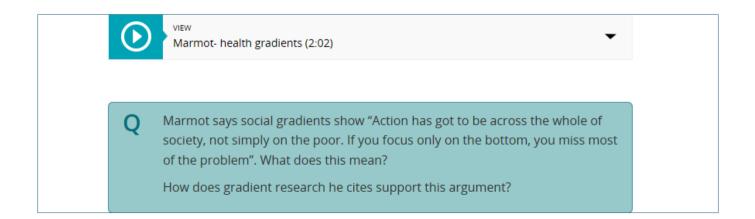
Throughout all SECD resources, many of the readings, videos, and 'Consider' examples are followed by **questions for reflection**. Instructors can assign the elements and corresponding questions as the basis for assignments. For example:



Assign a topic for learners to review and have them write a **thought paper or essay** to answer the question that accompanies the material. This example is from the Communicating and Learning module in the Introductory Edition.

		READ Let the children play	y: Nature's answer	to early learnin	5		Ľ <b>≜</b>
levelop negotiat encount	ment. Yo e with o er, deve	izes brain developn ung children come t hers. Children deve op self-regulation a . Bryan Kolb explain	to understand th lop a repertoire nd learn to over	eir world, nav of flexible res come day-to-d	igate their surn oonses to situat ay challenges.	oundings ar tions they c	nd learn reate an
	$\odot$	view Kolb- play learning (	(2:42)				•
/et, in cl sitting sl		acilities, physical ac	tivity levels are l	ow, with as m	uch as 89 per ce	ent of kids' t	ime spe
		kids aged four to fiv ized sports and othe			-		
levelop	ment). It	esearch confirms th is not something to elopment.					
	Q	Think about your o play activity and wh					e
		How would you de ls safety an issue o	scribe opportun	-			ity?

Use a question for a **group debate**, requiring learners to explore a controversial topic and prepare arguments supporting opposing sides. This example is from the Developmental Health module in the North American Edition.



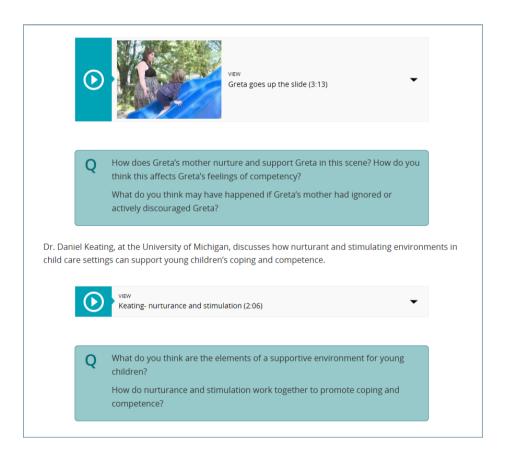
- Have students **design a brochure or poster** to share information with a group of parents, for example, expectant parents or parents of toddlers. Topics such as, attachment, aggression, self-regulation, executive function, guidance, friendship, language development, mental health, milestones, nurturing, parenting and stress, are just some of the topics that would be appropriate for a parent audience and would test students abilities to communicate with parents on these subjects. Students could complete this assignment individually or in groups.
- Have students use SECD material to prepare a policy brief or a presentation to a stakeholder group on a matter related to early childhood. For example, have students choose a stakeholder group to whom they will present SECD material to explain the importance of sensitive and responsive caregiving in early childhood. Students should use research from SECD and create a policy brief, a slide presentation, article or video. Possible stakeholder groups include:
  - Policy makers involved in education, health, etc., indicating level of government
  - Parents, expectant or parents of a particular age group
  - Early childhood educators/teachers
  - High school students
  - A funding agency
  - A research council (e.g. SSHRC)

## Using SECD in a class or workshop

#### **Discussions:**

Questions for reflection also can be used f**or small or large group discussions** after you review the material with your group.

The following screenshot shows examples of SECD videos and questions for reflection. It is from the Coping and Competence module in the North American Edition.



#### **Review games:**

You can use the "Interact" elements in SECD to assess group understanding and then clarify concepts. For example, with your group divided into two "teams", project the game and keep score as people answer questions. Take note of gaps in understanding and review the relevant information. The following screenshot is from the Child Development Primer.

SECD	
	The first step of a research study is to identify a problem to be solved or a question to be answered.
	Scratch here if True Scratchleam

#### "Consider" examples:

- Throughout SECD, there are thought-provoking scenarios that relate to the topic presented and provide people with an opportunity to apply what they are learning. These PDFs are easy to print and distribute to your group. Many contain questions for reflection, making them very convenient as handouts for discussion. This example is from the Coping and Competence module. The "Read more" link opens up the PDF on the following page.
  - ...one key pathway to competence and coping is through the development of regulatory systems. ... the development of these regulatory systems is substantially influenced by the quality of the social environment, especially the quality of the interpersonal relationships experienced early in life... these findings are consistent with the



notion that early experience becomes biologically embedded, especially during sensitive periods, and has pervasive and enduring effects on later development" (Keating & Miller, 1999, p. 232)

#### Consider... Eyad

8-month-old Eyad wakes from his nap. He sits in his cradle and sees his mother and grandmother just outside the door...**Read more**.

**Self-regulation** is the ability to adapt our emotions, behaviours and attention to cope with the demands of a given situation; it involves taking into account not only our own thoughts and feelings but those of others as well. Self-regulation is central to our transition from helplessness to competence.

Researchers from various disciplines have emphasized physiological, cognitive, neurological, psychological and social dimensions of self-regulation as well as regulatory problems (Vohs & Baumeister, 2010). They share the common idea that self-regulation is a central set of interrelated skills and abilities that influence learning, behaviour and health.



#### scienceofecd.com

## Consider...

Eyad

ight-month-old Eyad wakes from his nap. He sits in his cradle and sees his mother and grandmother just outside the door preparing food for the evening meal. He makes noises, trying to call to them. They do not acknowledge hearing Eyad, so he calls louder and louder. They still do not turn to Eyad. He begins to cry, then scream and kick the cradle and still his mother and grandmother do not come to him. They need to prepare the food and feel Eyad will eventually stop and entertain himself. Finally, Eyad lays back down, exhausted but still crying quietly.



#### Contrast this experience with the following:

Eight-month-old Eyad wakes from his nap. He sits in his cradle and sees his mother and grandmother just outside the door preparing food for the evening meal. He makes noises, trying to call to them. They do not acknowledge hearing Eyad, so he calls louder and louder. His mother turns, smiles and comes to Eyad. His mother asks if he had a good nap while she picks him up. She kisses Eyad and takes him outdoors. The grandmother puts her arms up and Eyad's mother gently places him in his grandmother's arms. His grandmother also kisses him and talks to him. Then she sits Eyad on her legs and gives him a small piece of the bread.



## **Tips for facilitators**

## 1. Using SECD for face-to-face sessions

BC users have permission to project and share SECD material in face-to-face sessions.

- Make sure you are prepared ahead of time. Thoroughly review the SECD content you will be presenting. Reading researcher transcripts, rather than viewing the videos, can save some time.
- Know your audience. Think about the background and interests of the group to whom you will be presenting. What are the contexts in which they live and work? Choose or adapt questions for discussion accordingly.
- **Check for understanding.** Plan for many stops to check understanding, for example by asking questions and using SECD review games to see how the group is doing.
- Pace the session and make time for reflection. People need time to think, discuss and absorb new ideas. The variety of content in SECD can help you achieve a balance of watching, listening, talking and doing. You may need time to play a video more than once if participants want to see it again.
- Make sure the technology works! Arrive earlier than participants and set up the audiovisual equipment and access SECD ahead of time. You will need a reliable internet connection. To show the videos, you will need computer speakers or a data projector with audio. Make sure those at the back of the room can hear and see the screen well and that you know how to manage the equipment yourself. If you do not, make sure you have an assistant present who does. Sometimes a wireless internet connection can make video playback slow. One strategy is to click the video play button before you want to show the video to allow it to stream/ buffer ahead of time.

## 2. Using SECD for online sessions

- **Build connections among the group.** Strategies to build a sense of community include contacting each participant individually to welcome them and encourage their participation, using a news forum to post interesting information and having participants upload profile photos and introduce themselves to each other.
- Plan the organization of content to be reviewed. Each of the SECD modules stands alone and can be used in the order that fits with course objectives. Assign SECD webpages or module sections rather than just part of a webpage so your group knows exactly what to cover. Decide and inform the group as to whether they are responsible for the "Want to know more?" sections. Most of these elements will add considerably to the time requirement.
- Maximize discussion possibilities. Online discussions have the potential to be rich learning opportunities. If participation is required, all group members will have their "say" and people typically feel free to contribute openly in their postings. In asynchronous (not live) discussions, participants can take their time to compose their responses, check spelling, etc. The following suggestions can help a facilitator encourage successful online discussions:
  - Have people review the content independently before they "come together" in an online discussion. Ensure that people know the discussion question(s) ahead so they review the material with that in mind.
  - Facilitators should monitor online discussions but not necessarily respond too quickly in order to encourage participants to discuss with each other rather than just with the facilitator. Additionally, use questions such as: "Has anyone else had that experience?" and "What do others think?" to encourage dialogue.
  - Consider the appropriate group size for discussions if you want participants to read and reply to one another's posts, then a group size of approximately eight usually works well.
     If participants do not have to reply to each other, a larger group size may work.
  - Send a private email/message to participants who have not been active in discussion forums to let them know their input is valued (or perhaps required if it is a grade requirement).
- Plan and communicate your online availability. Consider how often you will monitor the online discussions and check for student messages. Plan to check frequently enough to handle participants' questions/posts while being reasonable about what your schedule can handle. Let the group know what to expect. Many online facilitators indicate they will respond within 24 hours during weekdays.

# **Appendix A**

## Integrating SECD content into early years courses

### **SECD** content suggestions

For Human Development / Early Childhood Education courses

The following table refers to both SECD – North American Edition and SECD – Introductory Edition, except when otherwise indicated. Child Development Primer suggestions are noted in red.

SECD's search function may also be helpful when choosing SECD content to support the learning objectives of a course or program.

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
Infant Development	Brain Development	The full module is relevant for infant development courses
	Coping and Competence	Overview section (1., 1.1 and 1.2)
		2.1 Early regulatory systems
		2.2 Family relationships
		3. Supports for coping and competence
		3.1 Understanding feelings and behaviour
	Communicating and Learning	1. Communicating and learning in early childhood
		1.1 Acquiring language
		2.1 Early language development
		2.2 Bilingualism and multilingualism
	Child Development Primer	Focus on child development
		Domains of development
		Developmental milestones
		Observing children

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
Preschool	Coping and Competence	Overview section (1., 1.1 and 1.2)
Development		2.3 Emotional learning
		2.4 Executive function*
		2.5 Adversity and resilience
		2.6 Play, coping and competence*
		3.1 Understanding feelings and behaviour
		3.2 Getting along with others
		3.3 Valuing play
	Communicating and Learning	1.2 Thinking and learning
		2.3 Literacy
		2.4 Early mathematics
		2.5 How children learn*
		Links to practice section (3., 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3)
	Child Development Primer	Focus on child development
		Domains of development
		Developmental milestones
		Observing children

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
Foundations of Human Development	Brain Development	Overview section (1., 1.1 and 1.2)
Development	The Ecology of Childhood	Overview section (1., 1.1 and 1.2)
	Developmental Health	Overview section (1., 1.1 and 1.2)
		2. Developmental health research
		2.1 Social determinants of health, learning and behaviour
		2.2 The socio-economic impact of early childhood education and care
	Child Development Primer	Theories of development
		Studying child development

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
Cognitive and Language	Brain Development	1.2 Experience-based brain development
Development		2.4 Memory <sup>***</sup>
	Communicating and Learning	The full module is relevant for courses on cognitive and language development
	Developmental Health	2.2 The socio-economic impact of early childhood education and care
	Child Development Primer	Domains of development
		Developmental milestones
		Observing children

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
Social Emotional Development	Brain Development	1.2 Experience-based brain development
		2.2 Nurturing
		3. Practices for healthy brain development
	Coping and Competence	The full module is relevant for courses on social emotional development
	Child Development Primer	Domains of development
		Developmental milestones
		Observing children

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages	
Observation and Communication	Brain Development	3.2 Observing children's development	
	Communication and Learning	2.5 How children learn*	
	Developmental Health	2.3 Monitoring early child development*	
	Child Development Primer	Domains of development	
		Developmental milestones	
		Observing children	

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
Health and Well-being	Brain Development	Links to practice section (3., 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3)
	Coping and Competence	1. Coping and competence
		1.1Self-regulation
		2.5 Adversity and resilience*
	The Ecology of Childhood	Overview section (1., 1.1 and 1.2)
		3. Strengthening environments for children
	Developmental Health	Overview section (1., 1.1. and 1.2)
		2. Developmental health research
		2.1 Social determinants of health, learning and behaviour
		3.2 Shaping public policies
		3.3 A global agenda

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
Learning environments	Coping and Competence	3.2 Getting along with others
/ curriculum		3.3 Valuing play
	Communicating and Learning	1.2 Thinking and learning
		2.3 Literacy (2.2)
		2.4 Early mathematics (2.3)
		2.5 How children learn*
	Links to pract and 3.3)	
	The Ecology of Childhood	2.2 Early child development programs
		2.3 Integrating environments for children and families
		2.5 Cultural context *
		3.2 Strengthening early child development programs
	Child Development Primer	Understanding play

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
Guiding	Brain Development	3.3 Caring through everyday experiences
	Coping and Competence	1. Coping and competence
		Links to practice section (3., 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3)
	Communicating and Learning	1.2 Thinking and learning
		3.1 Guiding and teaching
	Child Development Primer	Positive Guidance

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
Working / Partnering	Coping and Competence	2.2 Family relationships
with families and communities		2.5 Adversity and resilience*
	The Ecology of Childhood	Overview section (1., 1.1 and 1.2)
		2. Ecology of childhood research
		2.1 Families
		2.4 Neighbourhoods and communities *
		3.1 Sustaining home life
		3.3 Creating child and family friendly communities
	Developmental Health	Links to practice section (3., 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3)

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
Advocacy, Policy and Legislation	Communicating and Learning	3.3 Creating curriculum
	The Ecology of Childhood	1.2 Children's rights
		2.4 Neighbourhoods and communities *
		Links to practice section (3., 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3)
	Developmental Health	The full module is relevant for advocacy and public policy courses

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages	
Research methods	Brain Development	2. Early brain development research	
		2.2 Nurturing	
		2.3Stress	
		2.4 Memory	
	The Ecology of Childhood	2. Ecology of childhood research	
		2.1 Families	
	Developmental Health	2. Developmental health research	
		2.3 Monitoring child development*	
	Child Development Primer	Studying child development	

Course	SECD Module	Section / Pages
The ECE Profession / Professionalism	Communicating and Learning	3.3 Creating curriculum
	The Ecology of Childhood	2.2 Early child development programs
		2.3 Integrating environments for children and families
		2.5 Cultural context *
		3.2 Organizing for early childhood education
	Developmental Health	2.4 Scaling early child development programs***
		3.1 Advocating for early child development
		3.2 Shaping public policies

\*This page is not available in the Introductory Edition

- \*\* p. 2.2 in Introductory Edition
- \*\*\* p. 2.3 in Introductory Edition

## **Appendix B**

## Course outline examples - Example 1 Diploma level – Infant and child development

#### Course outcomes and objectives:

- 1. Integrate how biology and experience shape child and human development
- 2. Outline the developmental health's language, inclusion of multidisciplinary theories of human development, methods of inquiry and research limitations
- 3. Illustrate the physical, language, cognitive, social, and emotional development of infants, toddlers, preschool and school aged children
- 4. Compare how cultural variation and diversity in child rearing practices impact on child development (learning, behavior and health)
- 5. Examine practices that support child/family health, coping/competence, learning/ communication
- 6. Gain an understanding of how early child development sets the foundation for lifelong learning, behaviour and health through examining the whole child (relationships with others, brain development, contexts, resources, access and barriers)

Week	Topic / Task	Content / Activities	Resources
1	Developmental Health	Introduction/course outline, SECD, How Learning Happens? - What is Developmental Health?	SECD Developmental Health module
		Socioeconomic gradients/determinants of developmental health	
2	Developmental Primer	Developmental Milestones	SECD Developmental Health module
		Testing Theories	SECD Child
		Childhood Video: "Great Expectations"	Development Primer
		Assignment #1 Due: Scavenger Hunt & Profile Due	
3	Brain Development	Finish Development	SECD Brain
		Introduction to Brain	Development module
		Architecture of the Brain	
		Prenatal development	
		"In the Womb"	
4	Brain Development	Genes & Environment	SECD Brain
		Research in brain development	Development module
		Anecdotal observations	SECD Child Development Primer
		Assignment #2 Due	(Observing Children)
5	Excerpts from "ELECT"	In-Class Observation Assignment	
6	Brain Development	Finish Brain Development	SECD Brain
		Review	Development module
7	Test #1	<b>Test 1</b> (Multiple Choice)	SECD (Developmental Health, Brain Development, Child Development Primer, lecture and video content)
8	Ecology of Childhood	Nature AND Nurture	SECD Ecology of
		Bronfenbrenner	Childhood module
		Childhood Video: "Louder Than Words"	
9	Ecology of Childhood	Parenting	SECD Ecology of
		Contexts of childhood	Childhood module
		Culture & diversity	
		"Babies"	
10	Coping & Competence	Self-regulation	SECD Coping &
		Attachment	Competence module
		Childhood Video "In the Land of the Giants"	

Week	Topic / Task	Content / Activities	Resources
11	Coping & Competence	Social/Emotional Development	SECD Coping &
		Competence	Competence module
		Childhood Video: "Among Equals"	
		Assignment #3 Due	
12	Communicating &	Language development	SECD Communicating &
	Learning	Childhood Video: "Love's Labors"	Learning module
13	Communicating & Learning	Cognitive development (Executive Functions)	SECD Communicating & Learning module
		Review	
		Childhood Video: "Life's Lessons"	
14	Test #2	Test 2 (Multiple Choice)	SECD Ecology of Childhood module
			SECD Coping and Competence module
			SECD Communicating and Learning module

## Course outline examples - Example 2 Undergraduate degree level - Foundation of human development

#### Course outcomes and objectives:

- 1. Describe the complex interplay between genetic potential and environmental experiences in shaping early brain and human development
- 2. Discuss the major theoretical perspectives and empirical foundations relating to early development and behaviour
- 3. Evaluate the strengths and limitations of the major theories of human development
- 4. Analyze the relationship between developmental patterns and social and economic circumstances
- 5. Analyze individual and population developmental pathways across diverse social and cultural environments
- 6. Interpret research and theory from a variety of disciplines that consider and study the course of early human development
- 7. Describe conception, prenatal, birth and neonatal stages of development
- 8. Describe early social-emotional, physical and cognitive development in context of early brain development and genetic-environment interactions
- 9. Discuss the influences of adults' behaviours in the child's broader environmental settings
- 10. Assess their own development within their own ethno-cultural and social context through self analysis and reflection
- 11. Analyze the impact of class, ethnicity, gender, culture and society in the human development process during early and middle childhood

Required resource: SECD - North American Edition + Child Development Primer

Week	Торіс	Content	Resources
1	Introduction	Orientation and Introductions	SECD Developmental
	Course Overview	Review of Course Outline	Health module
	Discussion of Assignments	Review of Assignments	
	Developmental Health Perspective	Developmental Perspective	
	Research Papers Assigned		
2	Developmental Health Assignment Due In Class	Developmental Health	SECD Developmental Health module
3	Theories of Child Development	Various major theories in child development	SECD Child Development Primer
	Theory Challenge		Ecology of Childhood module
4	Theories of Child Development	Various major theories in child development	SECD Child Development Primer
	Research Paper Due		Ecology of Childhood module
5	Brain Development	Patterns and trajectories of brain development	SECD Brain Development module
		Links between brain development and behaviour	
6	Brain Development Brain Challenge	Internal and external factors affecting brain development	SECD Brain Development Module
	Brain Chancinge	In-class Challenge	
7	Conception to Birth: In the	All material: Week 1-7	SECD
	Womb Test #1		In the Womb; Lecture Slides
8	Development and Diversity	Concepts for diversity, equity and inclusion in childhood	Slides
9	Cognitive Development Response Paper Due	In depth understanding of cognitive development	SECD Brain Development module
			SECD Child Development Primer
10	Cognitive Development	Milestones of cognitive development	SECD – Brain Development module
	Cognitive Challenge	In-class Challenge	SECD - Child Development Primer
11	Physical Development	Milestones of physical development	SECD - Child
	Physical Challenge	In class Challenge	Development Primer
12	Presentations	Student Presentations	Research Papers
13	Review Mega Challenge	In-class Challenge	All material: week 3-13

## Course outline examples - Example 3 Graduate degree level - Psychological foundations of early development and education

#### Course outcomes and objectives:

- 1. Examine research on the psychological foundations of early child development
- 2. Relate those foundations to children's experiences at home, in preschool/child care, primary classes and other community settings
- 3. Engage in meaningful discussion about issues related to families, to programs, to professional work and to policy in early childhood

Required resource: SECD North American Edition

Week	Торіс	Lecture	Resources
1	Introduction, course review	Experience based brain development	
2	Brain development overview Gene by environment in early childhood	Importance of caring and experience in early child development	SECD Brain Development pages 1, Overview; 1.1 Architecture of the brain, 2.1 Genes and environment Supplementary readings
3	Brain development: Research on sensitivity and responsiveness	Temperament	SECD Brain Development pages 2.2 Nurturing, 2.3 Stress, 2.4 Memory
			Supplementary readings
4	Emotional maturity, coping and competence: overview	Attachment	SECD Coping and Competence pages 1 Overview, 1.2 Individual pathways, 2. Research – social cognition
			Supplementary readings
5	Attachment: Working models of relationships	Gender and birth order	SECD Coping and Competence pages 2.2 Parenting, 3. Support for coping and competence
			3.1 Understanding feelings and behavior
			Supplementary readings

Week	Торіс	Lecture	Resources
6	Family structure, gender and birth order	<ol> <li>Self-regulation</li> <li>Role of early experience in social competence and moderating aggression</li> </ol>	SECD Ecology of Childhood p. 3.1 Sustaining home life, Coping and Competence pages 2.2 Parenting, 3.3 Suomi videos Supplementary readings
7	Self-regulation	No class	SECD Coping and Competence p. 1. Self- regulation, 2.1 Early regulatory systems, 2.4 Executive function Supplementary readings
8	Social development: Social competence, aggression, adversity and resilience	The importance of play for healthy development	SECD Coping and Competence 1. Overview, 2.3 Aggression, 2.5 Adversity and resilience Supplementary readings
9	Play and healthy child development	<ol> <li>Inquiry approaches in early learning</li> <li>Literacy and math</li> <li>Instructional approaches</li> <li>Trends in curricula</li> </ol>	SECD Communicating and Learning p. 1.2 Thinking and learning, 2. Communicating and learning research, 3.2 Planning environments Supplementary readings
10	Curriculum and learning	<ol> <li>Moderating effects in child care and transition to school</li> <li>Impact of early learning environment on child development</li> <li>International perspectives and integrated early childhood services</li> </ol>	Communicating and Learning p. 1 Overview, 1.1 Acquiring language, 2.3 Literacy, 3.1 Guiding and teaching Supplementary readings
11	Transition to school and integrated early childhood programs	EDI – SES gradients, measure of population health	SECD Ecology of Childhood p. 2.2 ECE programs, 2.3 Early interventions, 2.4 Integrated early childhood programs Supplementary readings
12	Culture and society		Ecology of Childhood p. 1. Overview, 1.1 Contexts. 2.3 Monitoring child development

# NOTES

The Science of Early Child Development (SECD) is a multi-media, multiedition interactive educational resource designed to share the science and information about the vital importance of the early years.

This User Guide is designed for those who use the SECD Projection License to facilitate workshops or training for a wide variety of audiences such as parents, students of child development and professionals in health and social science fields.

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In British Columbia, all residents have access to select SECD resources. This initiative is funded by the government of British Columbia. BC residents can access the North American Edition, Child Development Primer, and Introduction au développement de l'enfant.



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